

CISC124 - Today's Topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Java API ▪ More About Types ▪ Arrays ▪ Reusing Common Classes (Example)

Winter 2019

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1

CISC124 - Java API
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Module <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Set of packages common to an application area: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Foundational (java.base) ▪ GUI development (java.desktop) ▪ Internet access (java.net.http) ▪ Database access (java.sql) ▪ Javadoc tool programming (java.Javadoc) ▪ Etc. ▪ Core module → java.base

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2

CISC124 - Java API
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Package <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Grouping of related types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Classes ▪ Interfaces (Cloneable, etc.) ▪ Enumerations (enum demo {NONE, OPTION, EXIT}) ▪ Annotations (@Override, @Deprecated, etc.) ▪ Access protection and namespace management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Prevent naming conflicts ▪ Controlled access ▪ Examples: java.lang, java.util, java.io, java.math ▪ Foundational package → java.lang

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3

CISC124 - Java API
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Classes in java.lang package <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Object ▪ System ▪ Thread ▪ String ▪ Wrapper Classes (Boolean, Character, Integer, Float, Double)

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4

CISC124 - More About Types
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ More Primitive Types <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ boolean (true, false) ▪ char (Unicode) ▪ var ▪ Class Types (Objects: Class Instances) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Instance members (fields, methods) ▪ Class members (static fields, static methods) ▪ Type inference → var keyword <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ var chameleon = 3; // chameleon is an integer ▪ var chameleon = "animal" // Now is String

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5

CISC124 - More About Types
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Comparing variables with operators == (equal) and != (not equal) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Primitive types (boolean, int, float, etc.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ int x1 = 20, x2 = 20 ▪ (x1 == x2) compares 20 and 20 (i.e., values) ▪ Result is true ▪ Class types (Room) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Room r1 = new Room("Stauffer-C", 1, "Conference", 50); ▪ Room r2 = new Room("Stauffer-C", 1, "Conference", 50); ▪ (r1 == r2) compares addresses (references) of objects r1 and r2 ▪ Result is false

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6

Arrays				
0	1	---	n	
length = n + 1				
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Arrays of primitive types<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ int[] skillLevel = new int[10];▪ Int[] skillLevel = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};▪ Arrays of classes<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Room[] myRooms = new Room[5];				
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